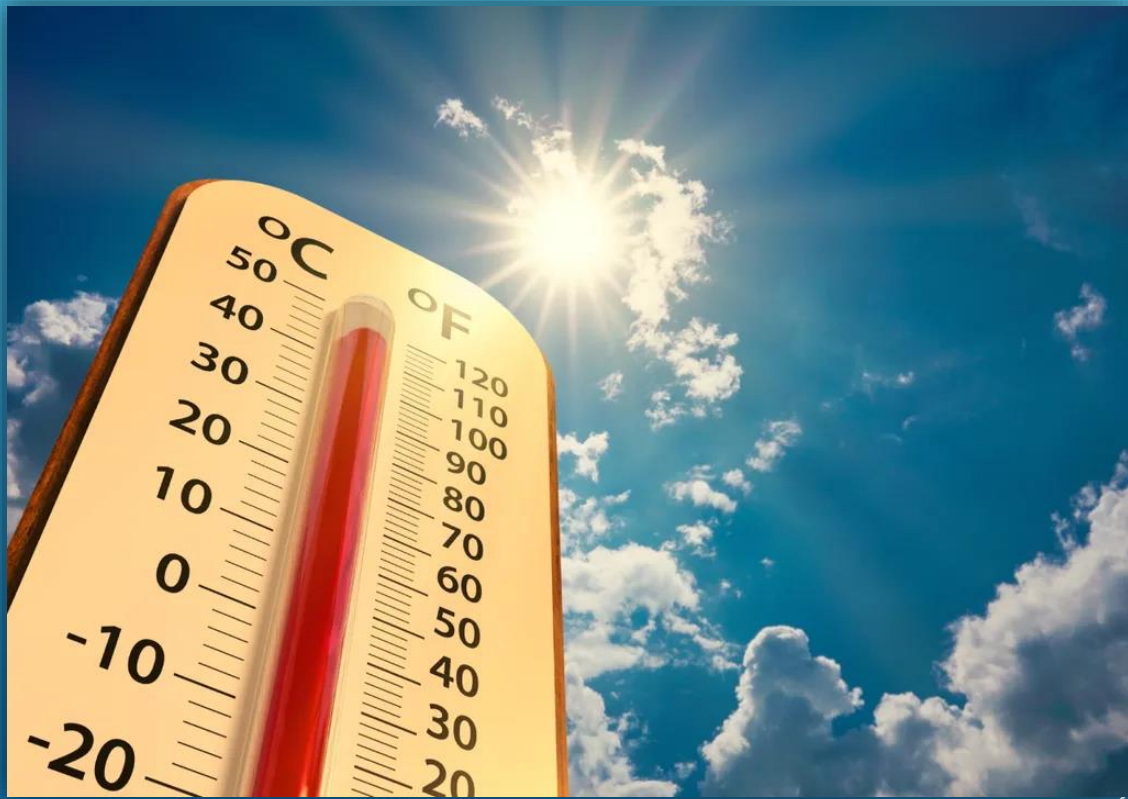
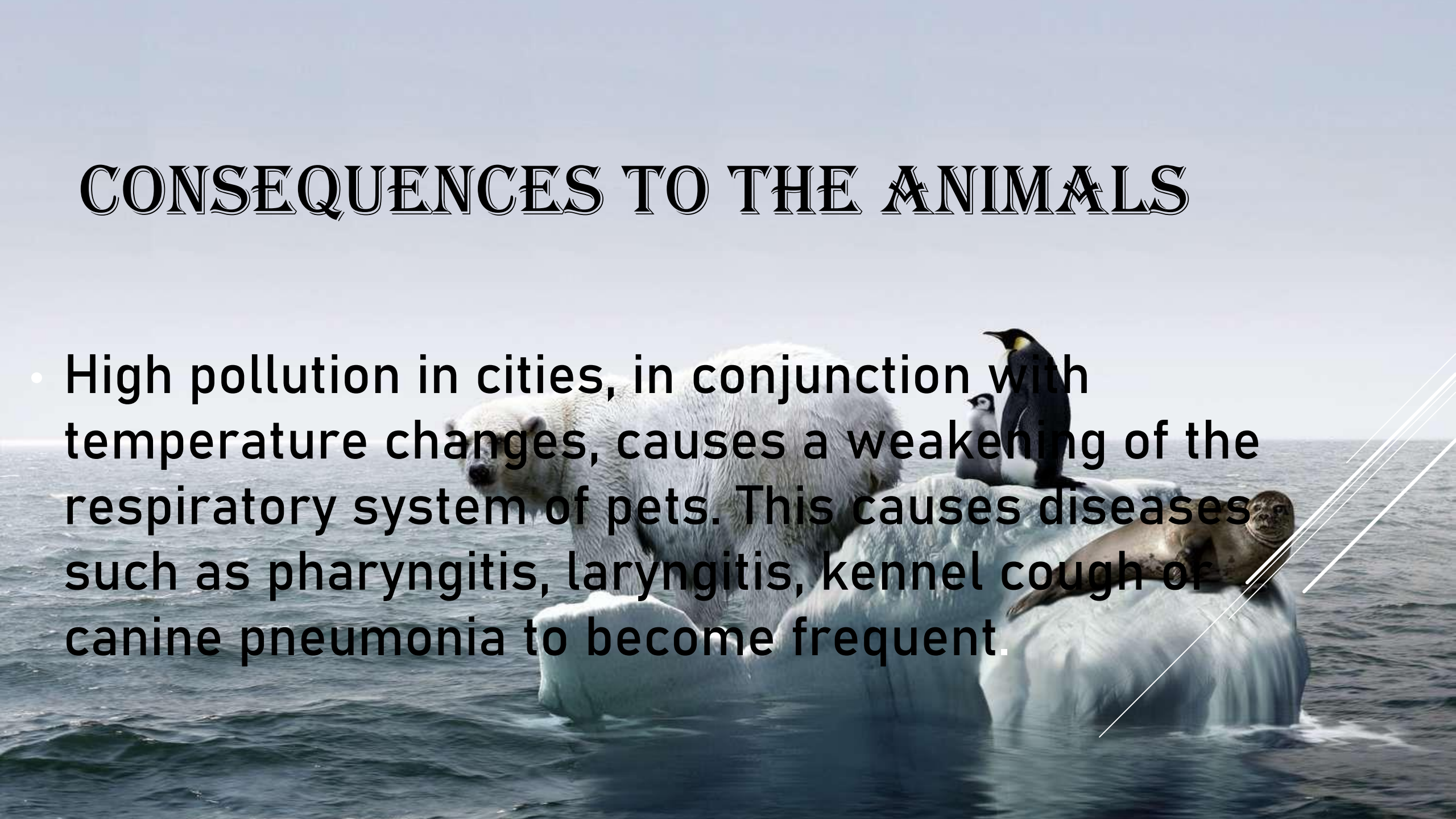


CLIMATE CHANGE



CONSEQUENCES TO THE ANIMALS

- High pollution in cities, in conjunction with temperature changes, causes a weakening of the respiratory system of pets. This causes diseases such as pharyngitis, laryngitis, kennel cough or canine pneumonia to become frequent.



THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WEATHER AND CLIMATE

WEATHER

Short-term changes in the atmosphere


CLIMATE

Long period of time in a specific area



THE CONSEQUENCES TO THE HUMANITY

The health effects of these disruptions include increased respiratory and cardiovascular disease, injuries and premature deaths related to extreme weather events, changes in the prevalence and geographical distribution of food and water-borne illnesses and other infectious diseases, and threats to mental health.

Several thin, white, parallel diagonal lines are positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, extending from the right edge towards the center.

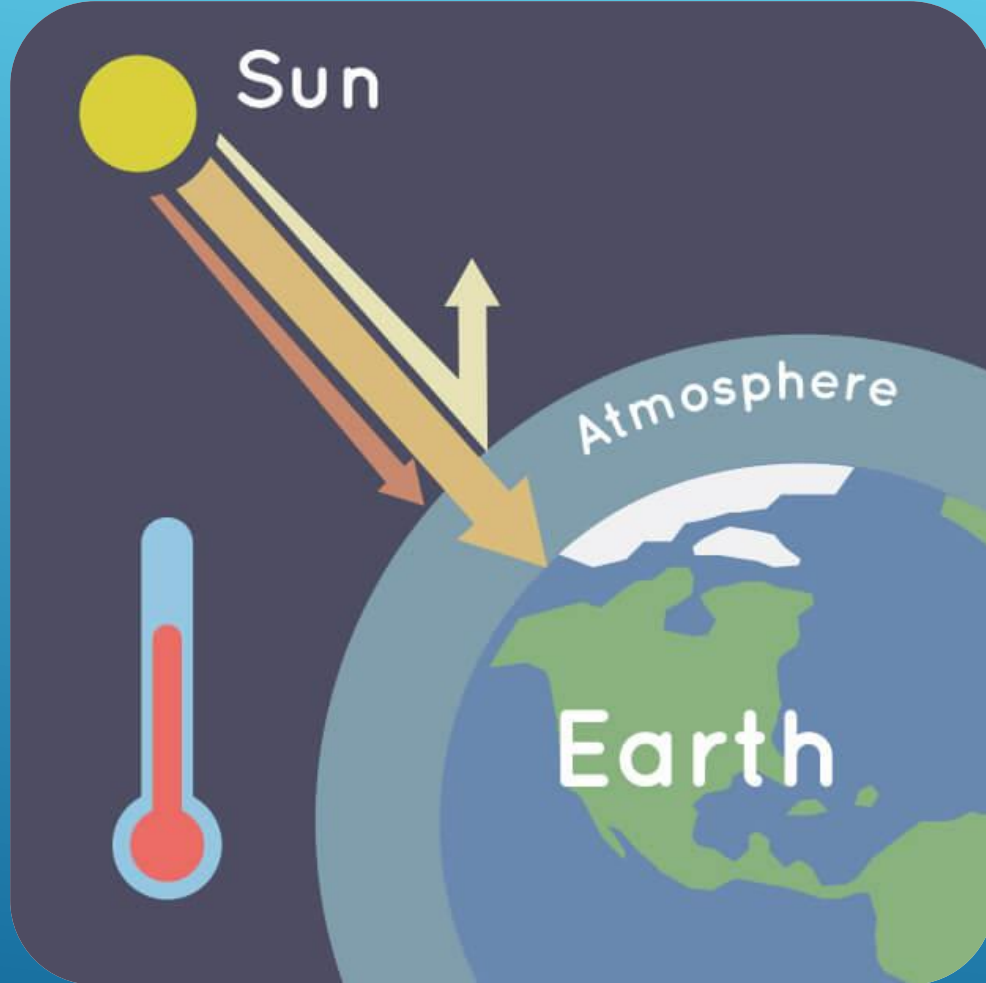
THE CONSEQUENCES TO THE HUMANITY

- Humans impact the physical environment in many ways: Overpopulation, pollution, burning fossil fuels, and deforestation. Changes like these have triggered climate change, soil erosion, poor air quality and undrinkable water.

HOW CAN WE REDUCE IT?

1. Save energy at home
2. Walk, bike, or take public transports
3. We should determine our needs and avoid waste
4. We can recycle our electronic devices
5. Throw away less food
6. Eat more vegetables
7. Reduce, reuse, repair and recycle





WHATS THE GREEN HOUSE EFFECT ?

The greenhouse effect is the way in which heat is trapped close to earth's surface by the greenhouse gases.

These are heat – trapping gases which can be thought of as a blanket wrapped around earth, keeping the planet toastier than it would be without them.